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# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING 1.1 Product identifier: 312200001 - CATALIZADOR EPOXI 1710 ZINC COMPONENTE B Other means of identification: UFT: 4UEC-R0YR-V00P-R4GU Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against: 1.2 Relevant uses (Consumer use): Industrial paint Relevant uses (Professional users): Industrial paint Relevant uses (Industrial user): Industrial paint Uses advised against: All uses not specified in this section or in section 7.3 1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet: **EUPINCA** C/ Londres, 13 - Pol. Ind. Cabezo Beaza 30353 Cartagena - Murcia - España Phone: +34 968089000 info@grupotkrom.com https://www.tkrom.com/ 1.4 Emergency telephone number: +34 968 08 90 00 (Oficce hours) SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\* 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture: CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Classification of this product has been carried out in accordance with CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008. Acute Tox. 4: Acute toxicity if swallowed, Category 4, H302 Aquatic Chronic 2: Hazardous to the aquatic environment, long-term hazard, Category 2, H411 Asp. Tox. 1: Aspiration hazard, Category 1, H304 Eve Dam. 1: Serious eye damage, Category 1, H318 Flam. Liq. 3: Flammable liquids, Category 3, H226 Skin Irrit. 2: Skin irritation, Category 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1A: Sensitisation, skin, Category 1A, H317 STOT RE 2: Specific target organ toxicity - Repeated exposure, Hazard Category 2 (Oral), H373 STOT SE 3: Respiratory tract toxicity, single exposure, Category 3, H335 STOT SE 3: Specific toxicity causing drowsiness and dizziness, single exposure, Category 3, H336 2.2 Label elements: CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008: Dange Hazard statements: Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed. Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage. Flam. Lig. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour. Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation. Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction. STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses. STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation. STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness. **Precautionary statements:** \*\* Changes with regards to the previous version - CONTINUED ON NEXT PAGE -Date of compilation: 16/12/2022 Revised: 28/05/2025 Version: 7 (Replaced 6) Page 1/15



### SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION \*\* (continued)

P101: If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

- P102: Keep out of reach of children.
- P210: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
- P264: Wash thoroughly after handling.

P280: Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/respiratory protection/eye protection/protective footwear.

P305+P351+P338: IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P370+P378: In case of fire: Use Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC) to extinguish.

P501: Dispose of contents/container according to the separated collection system used in your municipality.

#### Substances that contribute to the classification

Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine; butan-1-ol; Xylene; 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate

### 2.3 Other hazards:

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Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\*

# 3.1 Substance:

Not relevant

#### 3.2 Mixture:

Chemical description: Mixture composed of pigments and resins

#### Components:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (point 3), the product contains:

	Identification		Chemical name/Classification		Concentration
CAS: EC:	68082-29-1 500-191-5	Fatty acids, C18-uns and triethylenetetram	atd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids $\ensuremath{ine^{(1)}}$	Self-classified	
Index: REACH:	Not relevant 01-2119972320-44- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Aquatic Chronic 2: H411; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - Danger		50 - <75 %
CAS:	1330-20-7	Xylene <sup>(1)</sup>		Self-classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	215-535-7 601-022-00-9 01-2119488216-32- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332; Aquatic Chronic 3: H412; Asp. Tox. 1: H304; Eye Irrit. 2: H319; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT RE 2: H373; STOT SE 3: H335 - Danger	<u>ک</u> (ا) کی	10 - <25 %
CAS:	71-36-3	butan-1-ol <sup>(1)</sup>		Self-classified	
EC: 200-751-6 Index: 603-004-00-6 REACH: 01-2119484630-38- XXXX		Regulation 1272/2008	Acute Tox. 4: H302; Eye Dam. 1: H318; Flam. Liq. 3: H226; Skin Irrit. 2: H315; STOT SE 3: H335; STOT SE 3: H336 - Danger		10 - <25 %
CAS:	108-65-6	2-methoxy-1-methyle	thyl acetate <sup>(1)</sup>	Self-classified	
EC: Index: REACH:	203-603-9 607-195-00-7 01-2119475791-29- XXXX	Regulation 1272/2008	Flam. Liq. 3: H226; STOT SE 3: H336 - Warning	<b>()</b>	10 - <25 %

<sup>(1)</sup> Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard which meet criteria laid down in Regulation (EU) No. 2020/878

To obtain more information on the hazards of the substances consult sections 11, 12 and 16.

Acute toxicity estimate for the substance in Part 3 of Annex VI to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 or as determined in accordance with Annex I to that Regulation:

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
Xylene	LD50 oral	Not relevant	
	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 215-535-7	LC50 inhalation vapour	17 mg/L	Rat

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version



## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS \*\* (continued)

Identification	Acute toxicity		Genus
butan-1-ol	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg	
	LD50 dermal	Not relevant	
EC: 200-751-6	LC50 inhalation vapour	Not relevant	

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

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# SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

#### 4.1 Description of first aid measures:

The symptoms resulting from intoxication can appear after exposure, therefore, in case of doubt, seek medical attention for direct exposure to the chemical product or persistent discomfort, showing the SDS of this product.

# By inhalation:

Remove the affected person from the area of exposure, provide them with fresh air, and keep them at rest. In severe cases such as cardiorespiratory arrest, administer artificial respiration techniques if properly trained (CPR, oxygen provision, etc.) and seek immediate medical assistance.

#### By skin contact:

Remove contaminated clothing and footwear, rinse skin or shower the person affected if appropriate with plenty of cold water and neutral soap. In serious cases see a doctor. If the product causes burns or freezing, clothing should not be removed as this could worsen the injury caused if it is stuck to the skin. If blisters form on the skin, these should never be burst as this will increase the risk of infection.

### By eye contact:

Rinse eyes thoroughly with lukewarm water for at least 15 minutes. Do not allow the person affected to rub or close their eyes. If the injured person uses contact lenses, these should be removed unless they are stuck to the eyes, in which case this could cause further damage. In all cases, after cleaning, a doctor should be consulted as quickly as possible with the SDS of the product.

### By ingestion/aspiration:

Request medical assistance immediately, showing the SDS of this product. Do not induce vomiting, but if it does happen keep the head down to avoid aspiration. In the case of loss of consciousness do not administer anything orally unless supervised by a doctor. Rinse out the mouth and throat, as they may have been affected during ingestion. Keep the person affected at rest.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Acute and delayed effects are indicated in sections 2 and 11.

#### 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Not relevant

# SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

#### 5.1 Extinguishing media:

#### Suitable extinguishing media:

Foam extinguisher (AB), Dry Chemical Powder (ABC) Fire Extinguisher, Carbon dioxide extinguisher (BC)

#### Unsuitable extinguishing media:

Water jet

#### 5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

As a result of combustion or thermal decomposition reactive sub-products are created that can become highly toxic and, consequently, can present a serious health risk.

### 5.3 Advice for firefighters:

Depending on the magnitude of the fire it may be necessary to use full protective clothing and Self Contained Breathing Apparatus. Minimum emergency facilities and equipment should be available (fire blankets, portable first aid kit,...) **Additional provisions:** 

Act in accordance with the Internal Emergency Plan and the Information Sheets on actions to take after an accident or other emergencies. Eliminate all sources of ignition. In case of fire, cool the storage containers and tanks for products susceptible to combustion, explosion or BLEVE as a result of high temperatures. Avoid spillage of the products used to extinguish the fire into an aqueous medium.



### SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

#### 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

#### For non-emergency personnel:

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Isolate leaks provided that there is no additional risk for the people performing this task. Evacuate the area and keep out those without protection. Personal protection equipment must be used against potential contact with the spilt product (See section 8). Above all prevent the formation of any vapour-air flammable mixtures, through either ventilation or the use of an inert medium. Remove any source of ignition. Eliminate electrostatic charges by interconnecting all the conductive surfaces on which static electricity could form, and also ensuring that all surfaces are connected to the ground.

# For emergency responders:

Wear protective equipment. Keep unprotected persons away. See section 8.

#### 6.2 Environmental precautions:

Avoid at all cost any type of spillage into an aqueous medium. Contain the product absorbed appropriately in hermetically sealed containers. Notify the relevant authority in case of exposure to the general public or the environment.

#### 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

#### It is recommended:

Prevent the entrance of product in drains, sewers or watercourses. Absorb the spill using sand or inert absorbent and move it to a safe place. Do not absorb in sawdust or other combustible absorbents. Collect the product in appropriate containers and manage it according to current legislation.

Spillages in water or sea:

Small spillages:

Contain spillage using barriers or similar equipment. Use suitable absorbents for collection and treat the waste in accordance with current regulations.

Large spillages:

If possible, contain spillage in open water using barriers or similar equipment. If this is not possible, try to control its spread and collect the product with suitable mechanical means. Always consult experts before using dispersants and make sure you have the necessary approvals if they are to be used. Treat the waste according to current regulations.

#### 6.4 Reference to other sections:

See sections 8 and 13.

### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

#### 7.1 Precautions for safe handling:

A.- General precautions for safe use

Comply with the current legislation concerning the prevention of industrial risks. Keep containers hermetically sealed. Control spills and residues, destroying them with safe methods (section 6). Avoid leakages from the container. Maintain order and cleanliness where dangerous products are used.

B.- Technical recommendations for the prevention of fires and explosions

Transfer in well ventilated areas, preferably through localized extraction. Fully control sources of ignition (mobile phones, sparks,...) and ventilate during cleaning operations. Avoid the existence of dangerous atmospheres inside containers, applying inertization systems where possible. Transfer at a slow speed to avoid the creation of electrostatic charges. Against the possibility of electrostatic charges: ensure a perfect equipotential connection, always use groundings, do not wear work clothes made of acrylic fibres, preferably wearing cotton clothing and conductive footwear. Comply with the essential security requirements for equipment and systems defined in Directive 2014/34/EC (ATEX 100) and with the minimum requirements for protecting the security and health of workers under the selection criteria of Directive 1999/92/EC (ATEX 137). Consult section 10 for conditions and materials that should be avoided.

C.- Technical recommendations on general occupational hygiene

Do not eat or drink during the process, washing hands afterwards with suitable cleaning products.

D.- Technical recommendations to prevent environmental risks

Due to the danger of this product for the environment it is recommended to use it within an area containing contamination control barriers in case of spillage, as well as having absorbent material in close proximity.

### 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

A Specific storage requirements					
Minimum Temp.:	5 ⁰C				
Maximum Temp.:	30 °C				

B.- General conditions for storage



## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE (continued)

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Avoid sources of heat, radiation, static electricity and contact with food. For additional information see subsection 10.5

### 7.3 Specific end use(s):

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Except for the instructions already specified it is not necessary to provide any special recommendation regarding the uses of this product.

# SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters:

Substances whose occupational exposure limits have to be monitored in the workplace (European OEL, not country-specific legislation):

Directive (EU) 2000/39, Directive 2004/37/EC, Directive (EU) 2006/15, Directive (EU) 2009/161, Directive (EU) 2017/164, Directive (EU) 2019/1831:

Identification	Occupational exposure limits		
Xylene (1)	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate <sup>(1)</sup>	IOELV (8h)	50 ppm	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	IOELV (STEL)	100 ppm	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>

(1) Skin

#### **DNEL (Workers):**

		Short exposure		Long exposure	
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 68082-29-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,1 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 500-191-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	3,9 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	212 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	442 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	221 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butan-1-ol	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 71-36-3	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
EC: 200-751-6	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	310 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant	Not relevant
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	796 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Not relevant	550 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	275 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant

#### **DNEL (General population):**

		Short	exposure	Long	exposure
Identification		Systemic	Local	Systemic	Local
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	0,56 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 68082-29-1	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	0,56 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 500-191-5	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	0,97 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Not relevant
Xylene	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	12,5 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	125 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 215-535-7	Inhalation	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	260 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	65,3 mg/m³	65,3 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
butan-1-ol	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	1,562 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 71-36-3	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	3,125 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 200-751-6	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	55,357 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	155 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	Oral	Not relevant	Not relevant	36 mg/kg	Not relevant
CAS: 108-65-6	Dermal	Not relevant	Not relevant	320 mg/kg	Not relevant
EC: 203-603-9	Inhalation	Not relevant	Not relevant	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>	33 mg/m <sup>3</sup>





## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Identification				
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	STP	3,84 mg/L	Fresh water	0,004 mg/L
CAS: 68082-29-1	Soil	86,78 mg/kg	Marine water	0 mg/L
EC: 500-191-5	Intermittent	0,043 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	434,02 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	43,4 mg/kg
Xylene	STP	6,58 mg/L	Fresh water	0,327 mg/L
CAS: 1330-20-7	Soil	2,31 mg/kg	Marine water	0,327 mg/L
EC: 215-535-7	Intermittent	0,327 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	12,46 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	12,46 mg/kg
butan-1-ol	STP	2476 mg/L	Fresh water	0,082 mg/L
CAS: 71-36-3	Soil	0,017 mg/kg	Marine water	0,008 mg/L
EC: 200-751-6	Intermittent	2,25 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	0,324 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,032 mg/kg
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	STP	100 mg/L	Fresh water	0,635 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	Soil	0,29 mg/kg	Marine water	0,064 mg/L
EC: 203-603-9	Intermittent	6,35 mg/L	Sediment (Fresh water)	3,29 mg/kg
	Oral	Not relevant	Sediment (Marine water)	0,329 mg/kg

#### 8.2 Exposure controls:

A.- Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

As a preventative measure it is recommended to use basic Personal Protective Equipment, with the corresponding <<CE marking>> in accordance with Regulation (EU) 2016/425. For more information on Personal Protective Equipment (storage, use, cleaning, maintenance, class of protection,...) consult the information leaflet provided by the manufacturer. For more information see subsection 7.1. All information contained herein is a recommendation which needs some specification from the labour risk prevention services as it is not known whether the company has additional measures at its disposal.

B.- Respiratory protection

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory respiratory tract	Filter mask for gases and vapours (Filter type: A)		EN 405:2002+A1:2010	Replace when there is a taste or smell of the contaminant inside the face mask. If the contaminant comes with warnings it is recommended to use isolation equipment.

C.- Specific protection for the hands

Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
Mandatory hand protection	Chemical protective gloves (Material: Butyl, Breakthrough time: > 480 min)		EN ISO 21420:2020	Replace the gloves at any sign of deterioration.

As the product is a mixture of several substances, the resistance of the glove material can not be calculated in advance with total reliability and has therefore to be checked prior to the application.

D.- Eye and face protection

	Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks
	Mandatory face protection	Panoramic glasses against splash/projections.	CAT II	EN 166:2002 EN ISO 4007:2018	Clean daily and disinfect periodically according to the manufacturer's instructions. Use if there is a risk of splashing.
E	Body protection				

PPE Labelling **CEN** Standard Remarks Pictogram EN 1149-1:2007 EN 1149-2:1998 EN 1149-3:2004 Antistatic and fireproof UNE-EN ISO 18526-1 al Limited protection against flames. protective clothing 4:2020 Mandatory complete EN ISO 14116:2015 body protection EN 1149-5:2018

This SDS is an English translation of COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878, without any country-specific legislation

# 312200001 - CATALIZADOR EPOXI 1710 ZINC COMPONENTE B



SECTION	SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)							
	Pictogram	PPE	Labelling	CEN Standard	Remarks			
	Mandatory foot protection	Safety footwear with antistatic and heat resistant properties		EN ISO 13287:2020 EN ISO 20345:2022	Replace boots at any sign of deterioration.			

### F.- Additional emergency measures

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It is advised to implement additional emergency equipments in workplaces that are particularly exposed to the product or in situations where risk assessments highlight the necessity of such equipments.

Emergency measure	Standards	Emergency measure	Standards
<b>*</b>	ANSI Z358-1 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011	<b>●</b> + ►	DIN 12 899 ISO 3864-1:2011, ISO 3864-4:2011
Emergency shower		Eyewash stations	

### Environmental exposure controls:

To comply with environmental protection regulations, it is recommended to prevent any spillage of the product and its container. For more detailed information, please refer to subsection 7.1.D.

# Volatile organic compounds:

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With regard to Directive 2010/75/EU, this product has the following characteristics:

38,4 % weight
357,62 kg/m <sup>3</sup> (357,62 g/L)
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103,28 g/mol
is product which is ready to use has the following characteristics:
357,62 kg/m³ (357,62 g/L)
500 g/L (2010)

# Components: Not relevant

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

For complete information see the product datasheet.

Appearance:	
Physical state at 20 °C:	Liquid
Appearance:	Characteristic
Colour:	Colourless
Odour:	Not relevant *
Odour threshold:	Not relevant *
Volatility:	
Boiling point at atmospheric pressure:	132 °C
Vapour pressure at 20 °C:	749 Pa
Vapour pressure at 50 °C:	4460,05 Pa (4,46 kPa)
Evaporation rate at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
Product description:	
Density at 20 °C:	931,3 kg/m³
Relative density at 20 °C:	0,931
Dynamic viscosity at 20 °C:	3,52 mPa·s
Kinematic viscosity at 20 °C:	3,78 mm²/s
*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providin	g information property of its hazards.

Revised: 28/05/2025

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# 312200001 - CATALIZADOR EPOXI 1710 ZINC COMPONENTE B



SECT	TION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIE	S (continued)
	Kinematic viscosity at 40 °C:	<20,5 mm²/s
	Concentration:	Not relevant *
	pH:	Not relevant *
	Vapour density at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water 20 °C:	Not relevant *
	Solubility in water at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
	Solubility properties:	Not relevant *
	Decomposition temperature:	Not relevant *
	Melting point/freezing point:	Not relevant *
	Flammability:	
	Flash Point:	31 °C
	Flammability (solid, gas):	Not relevant *
	Autoignition temperature:	315 °C
	Lower flammability limit:	Not relevant *
	Upper flammability limit:	Not relevant *
	Particle characteristics:	
	Median equivalent diameter:	Not relevant *
9.2	Other information:	
	Information with regard to physical hazard clas	ises:
	Explosive properties:	Not relevant *
	Oxidising properties:	Not relevant *
	Corrosive to metals:	Not relevant *
	Heat of combustion:	Not relevant *
	Aerosols-total percentage (by mass) of flammable components:	Not relevant *
	Other safety characteristics:	
	Surface tension at 20 °C:	Not relevant *
	Refraction index:	Not relevant *
	*Not relevant due to the nature of the product, not providing info	rmation property of its hazards.

0.1	Reactivity:						
0.2	No hazardous reactions are expected because the product is stable under recommended storage conditions. See section 7 from Safety Data Sheet. Chemical stability:						
	Chemically stable under the	e indicated conditions of	f storage, handling and use.				
0.3	Possibility of hazardous	reactions:					
	Under the specified conditions, hazardous reactions that lead to excessive temperatures or pressure are not expected.						
	Under the specified condition	ons, hazardous reaction	s that lead to excessive tem	peratures or pressure are	e not expected.		
0.4	Under the specified condition <b>Conditions to avoid:</b>	ons, hazardous reaction	s that lead to excessive tem	peratures or pressure are	e not expected.		
0.4	•			peratures or pressure are	e not expected.		
).4	Conditions to avoid:			peratures or pressure ard Sunlight	e not expected. Humidity		
).4	<b>Conditions to avoid:</b> Applicable for handling and	storage at room tempe	erature:				
).4 ).5	Conditions to avoid: Applicable for handling and Shock and friction	storage at room tempe Contact with air Not applicable	erature: Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity		
	Conditions to avoid: Applicable for handling and Shock and friction Not applicable	storage at room tempe Contact with air Not applicable	erature: Increase in temperature	Sunlight	Humidity		



# SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY (continued)

See subsection 10.3, 10.4 and 10.5 to find out the specific decomposition products. Depending on the decomposition conditions, complex mixtures of chemical substances can be released: carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), carbon monoxide and other organic compounds.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

#### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

The experimental information related to the toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

#### Dangerous health implications:

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In case of exposure that is repetitive, prolonged or at concentrations higher than the recommended occupational exposure limits, adverse effects on health may result, depending on the means of exposure:

A- Ingestion (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

- Corrosivity/Irritability: The consumption of a considerable dose can cause irritation in the throat, abdominal pain, nausea and vomiting.

B- Inhalation (acute effect):

- Acute toxicity : Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. However, it contains substances classified

- as hazardous for inhalation. For more information see section 3.
- Corrosivity/Irritability: Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.
- C- Contact with the skin and the eyes (acute effect):
  - Contact with the skin: Produces skin inflammation.
  - Contact with the eyes: Produces serious eye damage after contact.
- D- CMR effects (carcinogenicity, mutagenicity and toxicity to reproduction):
  - Carcinogenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for the effects mentioned. For more information see section 3.
  - IARC: Xylene (3)
  - Mutagenicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
  - Reproductive toxicity: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- E- Sensitizing effects:

- Respiratory: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous with sensitising effects. For more information see section 3.

- Skin: Prolonged contact with the skin can result in episodes of allergic contact dermatitis.
- F- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT) single exposure:

Causes irritation in respiratory passages, which is normally reversible and limited to the upper respiratory passages.

- G- Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure:
  - Specific target organ toxicity (STOT)-repeated exposure: Exposure in high concentration can interfere with the central nervous system causing headache, dizziness, vertigo, nausea, vomiting, confusion, and in serious cases, loss of consciousness. Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.
  - Skin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met, as it does not contain substances classified as hazardous for this effect. For more information see section 3.
- H- Aspiration hazard:

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

#### Other information:

Not relevant

### Specific toxicology information on the substances:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version





# SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification	Acut	Acute toxicity	
Xylene	LD50 oral	2100 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	LD50 dermal	1100 mg/kg	Rat
	LC50 inhalation vapour	17 mg/L	Rat
butan-1-ol	LD50 oral	500 mg/kg	
CAS: 71-36-3	LD50 dermal	3400 mg/kg	Rabbit
EC: 200-751-6	LC50 inhalation vapour	24 mg/L (4 h)	Rat
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LD50 oral	8532 mg/kg	Rat
CAS: 108-65-6	LD50 dermal	>5000 mg/kg	Rat
EC: 203-603-9	LC50 inhalation vapour	30 mg/L (4 h)	Rat

# 11.2 Information on other hazards:

#### Endocrine disrupting properties

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

### Other information

Not relevant

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\*

The experimental information related to the eco-toxicological properties of the product itself is not available

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

# 12.1 Toxicity:

#### Acute toxicity:

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	LC50	7 mg/L (96 h)	Danio rerio	Fish
CAS: 68082-29-1	EC50	7 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 500-191-5	EC50	4 mg/L (72 h)	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	Algae
Xylene	LC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (96 h)		Fish
CAS: 1330-20-7	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (48 h)		Crustacean
EC: 215-535-7	EC50	>10 - 100 mg/L (72 h)		Algae
butan-1-ol	LC50	1740 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 71-36-3	EC50	1983 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia magna	Crustacean
EC: 200-751-6	EC50	500 mg/L (96 h)	Scenedesmus subspicatus	Algae
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	LC50	161 mg/L (96 h)	Pimephales promelas	Fish
CAS: 108-65-6	EC50	481 mg/L (48 h)	Daphnia sp.	Crustacean
EC: 203-603-9	EC50	Not relevant		

#### **Chronic toxicity:**

Identification		Concentration	Species	Genus	
Xylene	NOEC	1,3 mg/L	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Fish	
CAS: 1330-20-7 EC: 215-535-7	NOEC	1,17 mg/L	Ceriodaphnia dubia	Crustacean	
butan-1-ol	NOEC	Not relevant			
CAS: 71-36-3 EC: 200-751-6	NOEC	4,1 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	NOEC	47,5 mg/L	Oryzias latipes	Fish	
CAS: 108-65-6 EC: 203-603-9	NOEC	100 mg/L	Daphnia magna	Crustacean	

# 12.2 Persistence and degradability:

Substance-specific information:





# SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

Identification	De	Degradability		egradability
Xylene	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	Not relevant
CAS: 1330-20-7	COD	Not relevant	Period	28 days
EC: 215-535-7	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	88 %
butan-1-ol	BOD5	1,71 g O2/g	Concentration	Not relevant
CAS: 71-36-3	COD	2,46 g O2/g	Period	19 days
EC: 200-751-6	BOD5/COD	0,7	% Biodegradable	98 %
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BOD5	Not relevant	Concentration	785 mg/L
CAS: 108-65-6	COD	Not relevant	Period	8 days
EC: 203-603-9	BOD5/COD	Not relevant	% Biodegradable	100 %

### 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential:

# Substance-specific information:

Identification Bioaccumulation potentia		oaccumulation potential
Fatty acids, C18-unsatd., dimers, oligomeric reaction products with tall-oil fatty acids and triethylenetetramine	BCF	77
CAS: 68082-29-1	Pow Log	
EC: 500-191-5	Potential	Moderate
Xylene	BCF	9
CAS: 1330-20-7	Pow Log	2.77
EC: 215-535-7	Potential	Low
butan-1-ol	BCF	1
CAS: 71-36-3	Pow Log	0.88
EC: 200-751-6	Potential	Low
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	BCF	1
CAS: 108-65-6	Pow Log	0.43
EC: 203-603-9	Potential	Low

# 12.4 Mobility in soil:

Identification	Absorption/desorption		Volatility	
Xylene	Кос	202	Henry	524,86 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 1330-20-7	Conclusion	Moderate	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 215-535-7	Surface tension	Not relevant	Moist soil	Yes
butan-1-ol	Кос	2.44	Henry	5,39E-2 Pa·m <sup>3</sup> /mol
CAS: 71-36-3	Conclusion	Very High	Dry soil	Yes
EC: 200-751-6	Surface tension	2,567E-2 N/m (25 °C)	Moist soil	Yes

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment:

Product does not meet PBT/vPvB criteria

#### 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties:

Endocrine-disrupting properties: The product does not meet the criteria.

#### **12.7** Other adverse effects:

Not described

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### **13.1** Waste treatment methods:

Code	Description	Waste class (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014)
08 01 11*	waste paint and varnish containing organic solvents or other hazardous substances	Hazardous

#### Type of waste (Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014):

HP14 Ecotoxic, HP5 Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT)/Aspiration Toxicity, HP3 Flammable, HP13 Sensitising, HP4 Irritant — skin irritation and eye damage

Waste management (disposal and evaluation):



# SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS (continued)

Consult the authorized waste service manager on the assessment and disposal operations in accordance with Annex 1 and Annex 2 (Directive 2008/98/EC). As under 15 01 (2014/955/EC) of the code and in case the container has been in direct contact with the product, it will be processed the same way as the actual product. Otherwise, it will be processed as non-hazardous residue. Waste should not be disposed of to drains. See paragraph 6.2.

# Regulations related to waste management:

In accordance with Annex II of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH) the community or state provisions related to waste management are stated

Community legislation: Directive 2008/98/EC, 2014/955/EU, Regulation (EU) No 1357/2014

# SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

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	gerous goods by land:	
5	R 2025 and RID 2025:	
· · ·	4.1 UN number or ID number:	UN1866
	4.2 UN proper shipping name:	RESIN SOLUTION
	4.3 Transport hazard class(es):	3
▼ ∨	Labels:	3
	4.4 Packing group:	III
	4.5 Environmental hazards:	Yes
1	4.6 Special precautions for user	Net velevent
	Special regulations: Tunnel restriction code:	Not relevant
		D/E
	Physico-Chemical properties: Limited quantities:	see section 9 5 L
	•	
1	4.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:	Not relevant
Transport of dang	gerous goods by sea:	
With regard to IMD	G 41-22:	
1	4.1 UN number or ID number:	UN1866
	4.2 UN proper shipping name:	RESIN SOLUTION
	4.3 Transport hazard class(es):	3
	Labels:	3
• • 1	4.4 Packing group:	III
	4.5 Marine pollutant:	Yes
1	4.6 Special precautions for user	
	Special regulations:	955, 223
	EmS Codes:	F-E, S-E
	Physico-Chemical properties:	see section 9
	Limited quantities:	5 L
	Segregation group:	Not relevant
1	4.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments:	Not relevant
Transport of dang	gerous goods by air:	
With regard to IATA	/ICAO 2025:	

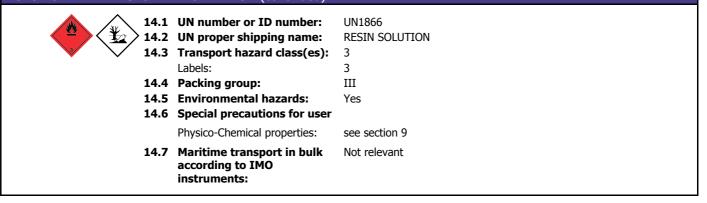


Safety data sheet This SDS is an English translation of COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878, without any country-specific legislation

# 312200001 - CATALIZADOR EPOXI 1710 ZINC COMPONENTE B



#### SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION (continued)



### SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

#### 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture:

- Article 95, REGULATION (EU) No 528/2012: Not relevant
- Candidate substances for authorisation under the Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (REACH): Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) 2019/1021 on persistent organic pollutants: Not relevant
- Regulation (EU) No 2024/590, about substances that deplete the ozone layer: Not relevant
- REGULATION (EU) No 649/2012, in relation to the import and export of hazardous chemical products: Not relevant
- Substances included in Annex XIV of REACH ("Authorisation List") and sunset date: Not relevant

#### Seveso III:

Section	Description	Lower-tier requirements	Upper-tier requirements
P5c	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS	5000	50000
E2	ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS	200	500

# Limitations to commercialisation and the use of certain dangerous substances and mixtures (Annex XVII REACH, etc ....):

Shall not be used in:

—ornamental articles intended to produce light or colour effects by means of different phases, for example in ornamental lamps and ashtrays,

-tricks and jokes,

-games for one or more participants, or any article intended to be used as such, even with ornamental aspects.

#### Specific provisions in terms of protecting people or the environment:

It is recommended to use the information included in this safety data sheet as a basis for conducting workplace-specific risk assessments in order to establish the necessary risk prevention measures for the handling, use, storage and disposal of this product.

#### Other legislation:

The product could be affected by sectorial legislation

#### 15.2 Chemical safety assessment:

The supplier has not carried out evaluation of chemical safety.

# SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\*

#### Legislation related to safety data sheets:

The SDS shall be supplied in an official language of the country where the product is placed on the market. This safety data sheet has been designed in accordance with ANNEX II-Guide to the compilation of safety data sheets of Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 (COMMISSION REGULATION (EU) 2020/878).

Modifications related to the previous Safety Data Sheet which concerns the ways of managing risks.:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version



### SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS (SECTION 3, SECTION 11, SECTION 12):

New declared substances

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- 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)
- · Removed substances
- 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6) Substances that contribute to the classification (SECTION 2):
  - · New declared substances
    - 2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate (108-65-6)
- CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (SECTION 2, SECTION 16): Hazard statements

## Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 2:

- H315: Causes skin irritation.
- H318: Causes serious eye damage.
- H335: May cause respiratory irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H411: Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

H373: May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral). Organs affected: All gross lesions and masses.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H302: Harmful if swallowed.

H304: May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H226: Flammable liquid and vapour.

#### Texts of the legislative phrases mentioned in section 3:

The phrases indicated do not refer to the product itself; they are present merely for informative purposes and refer to the individual components which appear in section 3

### CLP Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008:

Acute Tox. 4: H302 - Harmful if swallowed.

Acute Tox. 4: H312+H332 - Harmful in contact with skin or if inhaled.

Aquatic Chronic 2: H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic Chronic 3: H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Asp. Tox. 1: H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Eye Dam. 1: H318 - Causes serious eye damage.

Eye Irrit. 2: H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.

Flam. Liq. 3: H226 - Flammable liquid and vapour.

Skin Irrit. 2: H315 - Causes skin irritation.

Skin Sens. 1A: H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

STOT RE 2: H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure (Oral).

STOT SE 3: H335 - May cause respiratory irritation.

STOT SE 3: H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### Classification procedure:

Skin Irrit. 2: Calculation method Eye Dam. 1: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method STOT SE 3: Calculation method Aquatic Chronic 2: Calculation method STOT RE 2: Calculation method Skin Sens. 1A: Calculation method Acute Tox. 4: Calculation method Asp. Tox. 1: Calculation method

# Flam. Liq. 3: Calculation method (2.6.4.3)

### Advice related to training:

Training is recommended in order to prevent industrial risks for staff using this product and to facilitate their comprehension and interpretation of this safety data sheet, as well as the label on the product.

#### Principal bibliographical sources:

http://echa.europa.eu http://eur-lex.europa.eu Abbreviations and acronyms:

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version





# SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION \*\* (continued)

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by road IMDG: International maritime dangerous goods code IATA: International Air Transport Association ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation COD: Chemical Oxygen Demand BOD5: 5day biochemical oxygen demand BCF: Bioconcentration factor LD50: Lethal Dose 50 LC50: Lethal Concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 EC50: Effective concentration 50 LogPOW: Octanolwater partition coefficient Koc: Partition coefficient of organic carbon UFI: unique formula identifier IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

\*\* Changes with regards to the previous version

The information contained in this safety data sheet is based on sources, technical knowledge and current legislation at European and state level, without being able to guarantee its accuracy. This information cannot be considered a guarantee of the properties of the product, it is simply a description of the security requirements. The occupational methodology and conditions for users of this product are not within our awareness or control, and it is ultimately the responsibility of the user to take the necessary measures to obtain the legal requirements concerning the manipulation, storage, use and disposal of chemical products. The information on this safety data sheet only refers to this product, which should not be used for needs other than those specified.